



CASE STUDY: Improving Patient Management and Quality Care Through Intraoperative Monitoring

Courtesy of R. O'Brien MD, FRCP, MBA

Reference HMC January 2007 BM

HISTORY

59-year old man with 80-99% left carotid stenosis and prior TIAs without neurological deficit admitted for elective carotid endarterectomy (CEA).

MONITORING

Upper extremity SSEPs and EEG.

CHANGES

With clamping, EEG and DSA remained normal. Right cortical SSEP waveform however suddenly dropped. The change was pointed out by the overseeing neurologist to the technologist who was concentrating on the EEG data view and did not have the SSEP window open at the time of clamping. The surgeon was informed and shunted. SSEPs recovered over 5 minutes. Reclamping to finish closure showed similar changes, with recovery later in surgery.

OUTCOME

No neurological deficit.

LIKELY OUTCOME WITHOUT MONITORING

For this CEA done with selective shunting, failure to recognize changes after clamping may have resulted in more prolonged subcortical ischemia or injury.

SELECT REFERENCES:

Bond, R.; Rerkasem, K. & Rothwell, P. M. (2003), 'Routine or selective carotid artery shunting for carotid endarterectomy (and different methods of monitoring in selective shunting).', *Stroke* 34(3), 824--825.

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Muller, M.; Langenscheidt, S.; Behnke, S.; Schuder, G.; Walter, P. & K., S. (1997), 'Shunting in Carotid Endarterectomy Increases Microembolic Events', *Cerebrovasc Dis* 7(suppl 4)(1), 86.

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